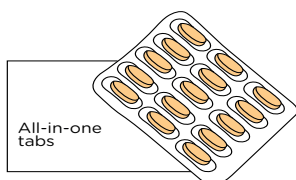


# Three ways to prepare agarose gels



All-in-one Agarose Tabs™  
e.g., SeeGreen™ all-in-one tabs  
or GelGreen® all-in-one tabs  
(supplied with Learning Lab  
Companion Kit)



Agarose Tabs™



Agarose powder

## There are several ways to prepare agarose gels

- Watch a video outlining three methods to cast agarose gels by scanning the QR code.
- See the following pages for detailed instructions on how to prepare 2% agarose gels using each method.



[www.minipcr.com/agarose-gel/](http://www.minipcr.com/agarose-gel/)

## Important notes

- These instructions are designed for use with the blueGel™ electrophoresis system by miniPCR bio™. If using another electrophoresis system, these instructions may need to be adjusted according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- These instructions are for preparing 2% agarose gels. If you plan to pour gels of a different percentage, adjust volumes proportionally, as in the table below.

All-in-one Agarose Tabs™			
Gel %	Agarose format	Liquid	Yield
2%	1 all-in-one tab	20 ml H <sub>2</sub> O	1 gel
1%	1 all-in-one tab	40 ml H <sub>2</sub> O	2 gels

Agarose Tabs™			
Gel %	Agarose format	Liquid	Yield
2%	1 agarose tab	25 ml 1X TBE	1 gel
1%	1 agarose tab	50 ml 1X TBE	2 gels

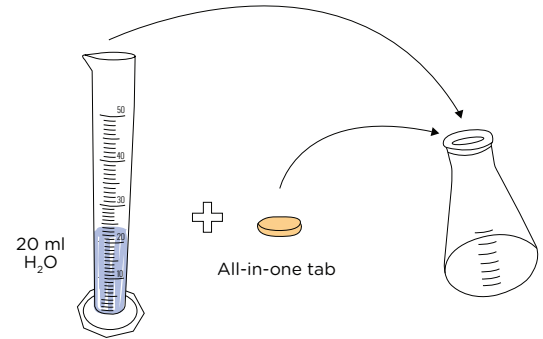
Agarose powder			
Gel %	Agarose format	Liquid	Yield
2%	0.4 g agarose powder	20 ml 1X TBE	1 gel
1%	0.2 g agarose powder	20 ml 1X TBE	1 gel

## Option 1: All-in-one Agarose Tabs™

**Tabs contain agarose, TBE buffer, and DNA stain. Just add water!**

### A. Prepare a 2% agarose solution

- Obtain a heat-resistant container such as a glass Erlenmeyer flask or beaker that is at least three times the volume you wish to add.
- Combine 20 ml room temperature distilled water and one all-in-one tab for each gel you plan to pour.
- Allow the tabs to soak until they fully disintegrate (this could take a few minutes).
- Swirl the flask or beaker until reagents are well mixed.



### B. Heat solution

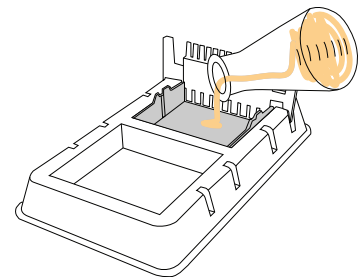
- Expect to heat for about 60 seconds per 20 ml of liquid in a standard microwave.
- If a microwave is not available, a hotplate can be used. Note that this option takes more time.
- Heat until the solution boils and continue until agarose is fully dissolved. No agarose particles should remain.
- Note: The included DNA stain will give the solution a yellow/orange tinge.



**Caution:** The solution may boil over the top of some containers. The solution will be very hot.

### C. Pour the agarose solution into the prepared casting platform with a gel tray and comb

- The agarose solution should cover the bottom of the gel tray and the bottom 3 mm of the comb (roughly the bottom 1/3 of the comb).



### D. Allow gel to solidify completely, then remove the comb by pulling firmly upwards

- Gels will typically be ready in about 10 minutes.
- Gel is ready when cool and firm to the touch.
- Gels can be stored for up to three days at room temperature in an airtight container protected from light.

### E. Prepare 1X TBE buffer

- Prepare approximately 30 ml of buffer for every blueGel™ electrophoresis system you plan to use. This will be used as running buffer.
- TBE buffer is often provided as liquid concentrate or powder.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions to prepare 1X TBE buffer solution.

## Option 2: Agarose Tabs™

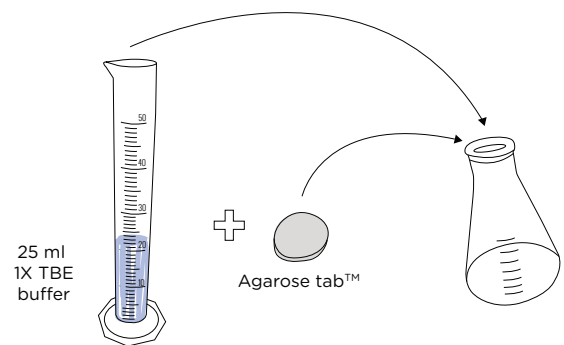
**Tabs contain pre-weighed agarose. Add TBE buffer and DNA stain.**

### A. Prepare 1X TBE buffer

- Prepare at least 60 ml of buffer for every blueGel™ electrophoresis system you plan to use.
- You will use 25 ml of 1X TBE to make the gel and 30 ml as running buffer.
- TBE buffer is often provided as liquid concentrate or powder.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions to prepare 1X TBE buffer solution.


### B. Prepare a 2% agarose solution

- Obtain a heat-resistant container such as a glass Erlenmeyer flask or beaker that is at least three times the volume you wish to add.
- Combine 25 ml room temperature 1X TBE buffer and one Agarose Tab™ for each gel you plan to pour.
- Allow the tabs to soak until they fully disintegrate (this could take a few minutes).
- Swirl the flask or beaker until reagents are well mixed.



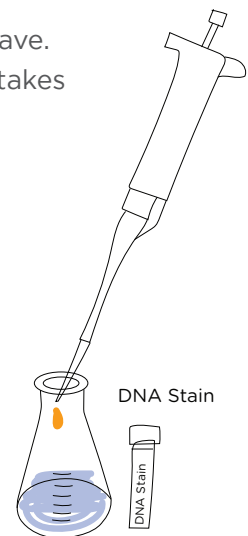
### C. Heat solution

- Expect to heat for about 60 seconds per 25 ml of liquid in a standard microwave.
- If a microwave is not available, a hot plate can be used. Note that this option takes more time.
- Heat until the solution boils and continue until agarose is fully dissolved. No agarose particles should remain.

 **Caution: The solution may boil over the top of some containers. The solution will be very hot.**

### D. Add DNA stain to the solution

- Add 2.5 µl of SeeGreen™ stain or GelGreen® stain for each 25 ml of solution.
- Swirl solution in flask or beaker until dye appears evenly distributed.

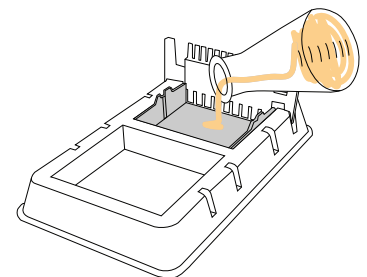


### E. Pour the agarose solution into the prepared casting platform with a gel tray and comb

- The agarose solution should cover the bottom of the gel tray and the bottom 3 mm of the comb (roughly the bottom 1/3 of the comb).

### F. Allow gel to solidify completely, then remove the comb by pulling firmly upwards

- Gels will typically be ready in about 10 minutes.
- Gel is ready when cool and firm to the touch.
- Gels can be stored for up to three days at room temperature in an airtight container protected from light.



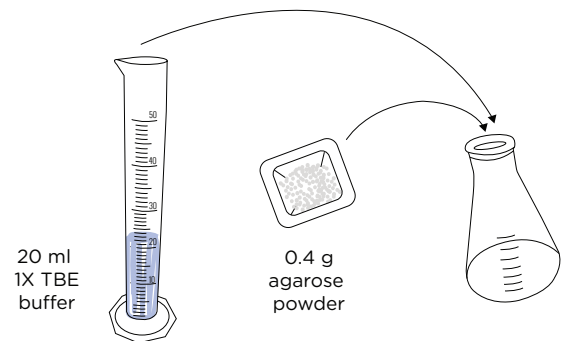
## Option 3: Agarose powder

### A. Prepare 1X TBE buffer

- Prepare at least 50 ml of buffer for every blueGel™ electrophoresis system you plan to use.
- You will use 20 ml of 1X TBE to make the gel and 30 ml as running buffer.
- TBE buffer is often provided as liquid concentrate or powder.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions to prepare 1X TBE buffer solution.


### B. Prepare a 2% agarose solution

- Obtain a heat-resistant container such as a glass Erlenmeyer flask or beaker that is at least three times the volume you wish to add.
- Combine 20 ml 1X TBE buffer and 0.4 g agarose powder for each gel you plan to pour.
- Swirl the flask or beaker until reagents are well mixed.



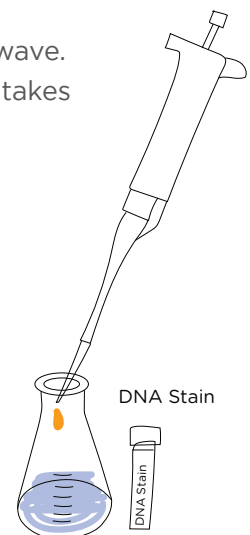
### C. Heat solution

- Expect to heat for about 60 seconds per 20 ml of liquid in a standard microwave.
- If a microwave is not available, a hotplate can be used. Note that this option takes more time.
- Heat until the solution boils and continue until agarose is fully dissolved. No agarose particles should remain.

 **Caution:** The solution may boil over the top of some containers. The solution will be very hot.

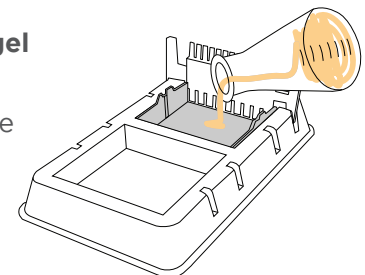
### D. Add DNA stain to the solution

- Add 2  $\mu$ l of SeeGreen™ stain or GelGreen® stain for each 20 ml of solution.
- Swirl solution in flask or beaker until dye appears evenly distributed.



### E. Pour the agarose solution into the prepared casting platform with a gel tray and comb

- The agarose solution should cover the bottom of the gel tray and the bottom 3 mm of the comb (roughly the bottom 1/3 of the comb).



### F. Allow gel to solidify completely, then remove the comb by pulling firmly upwards

- Gels will typically be ready in about 10 minutes.
- Gel is ready when cool and firm to the touch.
- Gels can be stored for up to three days at room temperature in an airtight container protected from light.